

## Cleaved-Factor XIIIa (G39) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES5191

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name Cleaved-Factor XIIIa (G39) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human;Rat;Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human FA13A. AA range:20-69

Specificity Cleaved-Factor XIIIa (G39) Polyclonal Antibody

detects endogenous levels of fragment of activated Factor XIIIa protein resulting from cleavage adjacent

to G39.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Store at -20°C.** Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Coagulation factor XIII A chain

Gene Name F13A1

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Secreted . Secreted into the blood

plasma. Cytoplasmic in most tissues, but also

secreted in the blood plasma.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 79kD
Human Gene ID 2162
Human Swiss-Prot Number P00488

Alternative Names F13A1; F13A; Coagulation factor XIII A chain;

Coagulation factor XIIIa; Protein-glutamine

gamma-glutamyltransferase A chain;

Transglutaminase A chain

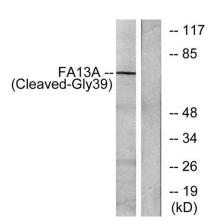
Background This gene encodes the coagulation factor XIII A



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subunit. Coagulation factor XIII is the last zymogen to become activated in the blood coagulation cascade. Plasma factor XIII is a heterotetramer composed of 2 A subunits and 2 B subunits. The A subunits have catalytic function, and the B subunits do not have enzymatic activity and may serve as plasma carrier molecules. Platelet factor XIII is comprised only of 2 A subunits, which are identical to those of plasma origin. Upon cleavage of the activation peptide by thrombin and in the presence of calcium ion, the plasma factor XIII dissociates its B subunits and yields the same active enzyme, factor XIIIa, as platelet factor XIII. This enzyme acts as a transglutaminase to catalyze the formation of gamma-glutamyl-epsilon-lysine crosslinking between fibrin molecules, thus stabilizing the fibrin clot. It also crosslinks alpha-2-plasmin inhibitor, or



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, treated with etoposide 25uM 24h, using FA13A (Cleaved-Gly39) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

