

CFTR (Phospho-Ser737) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES17503

For research use only

Overview

Purification

Product Name CFTR (Phospho-Ser737) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications IHC;IF;WB

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions IHC-p 1:50-200, WB 1:500-2000

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human CFTR

(Phospho-Ser737)

Specificity This antibody detects endogenous phospho levels of

CFTR (Phospho-Ser737) at Human:S737,

Mouse:S732, Rat:S732

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name CFTR (Phospho-Ser737)

Gene Name CFTR ABCC7

Cellular localization Apical cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane

protein . Early endosome membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell membrane ; Multi-pass

membrane protein . Recycling endosome membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Multi-p The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 166kD
Human Gene ID 1080
Human Swiss-Prot Number P13569

Alternative Names Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance

regulator (CFTR;ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 7;Channel conductance-controlling ATPase;EC 3.6.3.49;cAMP-dependent chloride



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Background

channel)

This gene encodes a member of the ATP-binding cassette (ABC) transporter superfamily. ABC proteins transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MRP subfamily that is involved in multi-drug resistance. The encoded protein functions as a chloride channel and controls the regulation of other transport pathways. Mutations in this gene are associated with the autosomal recessive disorders cystic fibrosis and congenital bilateral aplasia of the vas deferens. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described, many of which result from mutations in this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).

