

RM19 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES9298

For research use only

Overview

Product Name RM19 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Mouse

Recommended dilutions WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human protein .

at AA range: 160-240

Specificity RM19 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name 39S ribosomal protein L19, mitochondrial (L19mt)

(MRP-L19) (39S ribosomal protein L15, mitochondrial) (L15mt) (MRP-L15)

Gene Name MRPL19 KIAA0104 MRPL15

Cellular localization Mitochondrion.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 32kD
Human Gene ID 9801
Human Swiss-Prot Number P49406

Alternative Names

Background Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are

encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition

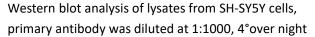
compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio

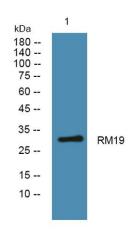
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is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],







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