

Cleaved-Caspase-4/5 p20 (D270/D311) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES7702

For research use only

Overview

Product Name Cleaved-Caspase-4/5 p20 (D270/D311) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity Human

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human Caspase 4/5. AA

range:221-270

Specificity Cleaved-Caspase-4/5 p20 (D270/D311) Polyclonal

Antibody detects endogenous levels of fragment of activated Caspase-4/5 p20 protein resulting from

cleavage adjacent to D270/D311.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Caspase4
Gene Name CASP4

Cellular localization Cytoplasm, cytosol . Endoplasmic reticulum

membrane; Peripheral membrane protein;

Cytoplasmic side. Mitochondrion. Inflammasome.

Secreted. Predominantly localizes to the

endoplasmic reticulum (ER). Association with the ER

membrane requires TMEM214 (

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

ClonalityPolyclonalConcentration1 mg/mlObserved band47,22kDHuman Gene ID837

Human Swiss-Prot Number P49662/P51878

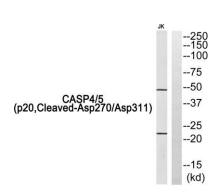




Alternative Names

Background

CASP4; ICH2; Caspase-4; CASP-4; ICE(rel)-II; Protease ICH-2; Protease TX; CASP5; ICH3; Caspase-5; CASP-5; ICE(rel)-III; Protease ICH-3; Protease TY This gene encodes a protein that is a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family. Sequential activation of caspases plays a central role in the execution-phase of cell apoptosis. Caspases exist as inactive proenzymes composed of a prodomain and a large and small protease subunit. Activation of caspases requires proteolytic processing at conserved internal aspartic residues to generate a heterodimeric enzyme consisting of the large and small subunits. This caspase is able to cleave and activate its own precursor protein, as well as caspase 1 precursor. When overexpressed, this gene induces cell apoptosis. Alternative splicing results in transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



Western blot analysis of Caspase 4/5 (p20, Cleaved-Asp270/Asp311) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the Caspase 4/5 (p20, Cleaved-Asp270/Asp311) peptide.

