

Raf-1 (phospho Ser621) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES6982

For research use only

Overview

Product Name Raf-1 (phospho Ser621) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey **Recommended dilutions** Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human C-RAF around the phosphorylation site of Ser621. AA range:591-640 Phospho-Raf-1 (S621) Polyclonal Antibody detects

Specificity Phospho-Raf-1 (S621) Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of Raf-1 protein only when

phosphorylated at S621.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name RAF proto-oncogene serine/threonine-protein

kinase

Gene Name RAF1

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Mitochondrion.

Nucleus. Colocalizes with RGS14 and BRAF in both the cytoplasm and membranes. Phosphorylation at

Ser-259 impairs its membrane accumulation.
Recruited to the cell membrane by the active Ras protein. Phosphorylation at Ser-338 and Ser-339 by PAK1 is required for its mitochondrial localization.
Retinoic acid-induced Ser-621 phosphorylated form of RAF1 is predominantly localized at the nucleus.
The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal



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Concentration
Observed band
Human Gene ID
Human Swiss-Prot Number
Alternative Names

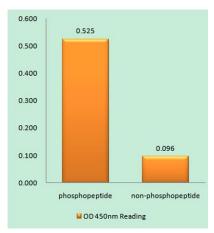
73kD 5894 P04049

1 mg/ml

RAF1; RAF; RAF proto-oncogene serine/threonine-protein kinase; Proto-oncogene c-RAF; cRaf; Raf-1

Background

This gene is the cellular homolog of viral raf gene (v-raf). The encoded protein is a MAP kinase kinase kinase (MAP3K), which functions downstream of the Ras family of membrane associated GTPases to which it binds directly. Once activated, the cellular RAF1 protein can phosphorylate to activate the dual specificity protein kinases MEK1 and MEK2, which in turn phosphorylate to activate the serine/threonine specific protein kinases, ERK1 and ERK2. Activated ERKs are pleiotropic effectors of cell physiology and play an important role in the control of gene expression involved in the cell division cycle, apoptosis, cell differentiation and cell migration. Mutations in this gene are associated with Noonan syndrome 5 and LEOPARD syndrome 2. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



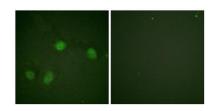
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Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using C-RAF (Phospho-Ser621) Antibody

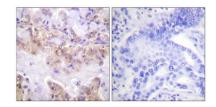




Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using C-RAF (Phospho-Ser621) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma, using C-RAF (Phospho-Ser621) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



RAF1_(pSer621) -49 -34 -25 (kD)

Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with UV 5', using C-RAF (Phospho-Ser621) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

