



PKC θ (phospho Thr538) rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES6794

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	PKC θ (phospho Thr538) rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PKC θ around the phosphorylation site of Thr538. AA range:504-553
Specificity	Phospho-PKC θ (T538) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PKC θ protein only when phosphorylated at T538.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Protein kinase C theta type
Gene Name	PRKCQ
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. In resting T-cells, mostly localized in cytoplasm. In response to TCR stimulation, associates with lipid rafts and then localizes in the immunological synapse.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	81kD
Human Gene ID	5588
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q04759
Alternative Names	PRKCQ; PRKCT; Protein kinase C theta type; nPKC-theta

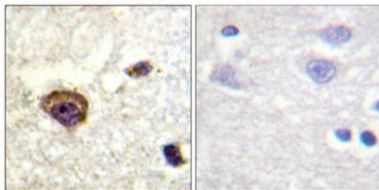




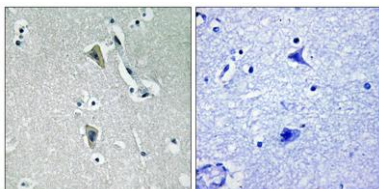
Background

Protein kinase C (PKC) is a family of serine- and threonine-specific protein kinases that can be activated by calcium and the second messenger diacylglycerol. PKC family members phosphorylate a wide variety of protein targets and are known to be involved in diverse cellular signaling pathways. PKC family members also serve as major receptors for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters. Each member of the PKC family has a specific expression profile and is believed to play a distinct role. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the PKC family members. It is a calcium-independent and phospholipid-dependent protein kinase. This kinase is important for T-cell activation. It is required for the activation of the transcription factors NF-kappaB and AP-1, and may link the T cell receptor (TCR) signaling complex to the activation of the transcription factors. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by i

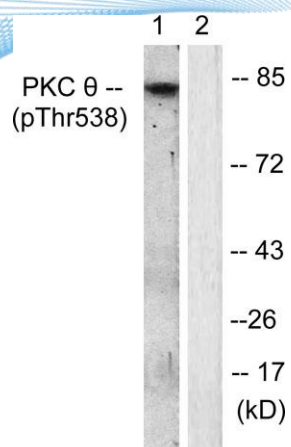


Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using PKC thet (Phospho-Thr538) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.





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Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, using PKC θ (Phospho-Thr538) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



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