

## WWOX (phospho Tyr33) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES6561

For research use only

## Overview

**Specificity** 

Product Name WWOX (phospho Tyr33) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

**Applications** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA **Species Cross-Reactivity** Human;Mouse

**Recommended dilutions** Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human WWOX around the phosphorylation site of Tyr33. AA range:18-67 Phospho-WWOX (Y33) Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of WWOX protein only when

phosphorylated at Y33.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name WW domain-containing oxidoreductase

Gene Name WWOX

**Cellular localization** 

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 55kD
Human Gene ID 51741
Human Swiss-Prot Number Q96KM3

Alternative Names WWOX; FOR; WOX1; WW domain-containing

oxidoreductase; Fragile site FRA16D oxidoreductase

Background disease: Defects in WWOX may be involved in

esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (ESCC) [MIM:133239]., disease: Defects in WWOX may be involved in several cancer types. The gene spans the

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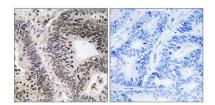


second most common chromosomal fragile site (FRA16D) which is frequently altered in cancers. Alteration of the expression and expression of some isoforms is associated with cancers. However, it is still unclear if alteration of WWOX is directly implicated in cancerogenesis or if it corresponds to a secondary effect.,domain:The WW 1 domain mediates interaction with TP53, and probably TP73, TFAP2C, LITAF and WBP1.,function:Probable oxidoreductase, which acts as a tumor suppressor and plays a role in apoptosis. May function synergistically with TP53/p53 to control genotoxic stress-induced cell death. May also play a role in tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-mediated cell death.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon genotoxic stress. Phosphorylation of Tyr-33 regulates interaction with TP53, TP73 and MAPK8. May also regulate proapoptotic activity., similarity: Belongs to the short-chain dehydrogenases/reductases (SDR) family., similarity: Contains 2 WW domains., subcellular location: Partially localizes to the mitochondria. Translocates to the nucleus upon genotoxic stress or TNF stimulation (By similarity). Isoform 5 and isoform 6 may localize in the nucleus., subunit: Interacts with TP53, TP73/p73 and MAPK8. Interacts with MAPT/TAU (By similarity). Forms a ternary complex with TP53 and MDM2. Interacts with ERBB4, LITAF and WBP1. May interact with COTE1/C1orf2 and SCOTIN., tissue specificity: Widely expressed. Strongly expressed in testis, prostate, and ovary. Overexpressed in cancer cell lines. Isoform 5 and isoform 6 may only be expressed in tumor cell lines.,

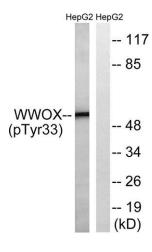


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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma, using WWOX (Phospho-Tyr33) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 cells treated with PMA 125ng/ml 30', using WWOX (Phospho-Tyr33) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

