

Smad1 (phospho Ser187) rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES6152

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	Smad1 (phospho Ser187) rabbit pAb	
Host species	Rabbit	
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA	
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human; Mouse; Monkey	
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.	
	Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA:	
	1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.	
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized	
	peptide derived from human Smad1 around the	
	phosphorylation site of Ser187. AA range:153-202	
Specificity	Phospho-Smad1 (S187) Polyclonal Antibody detects	
	endogenous levels of Smad1 protein only when	
	phosphorylated at S187.	
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and	
	0.02% sodium azide.	
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
Protein Name	Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 1	
Gene Name	SMAD1	
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasmic in the absence of	
	ligand. Migrates to the nucleus when complexed	
	with SMAD4 (PubMed:15647271). Co-localizes with	
	LEMD3 at the nucleus inner membrane	
	(PubMed:15647271). Exported from the nucleus to	
	the cytoplasm when depho	
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit	
	antiserum by affinity-chromatography using	
	epitope-specific immunogen.	
Clonality	Polyclonal	
Concentration	1 mg/ml	illin.
Observed band	60kD	
Human Gene ID	4086	
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q15797	
Alternative Names	SMAD1; BSP1; MADH1; MADR1; Mothers against	



+86-27-59760950

ELKbio@ELKbiotech.com

www.elkbiotech.com

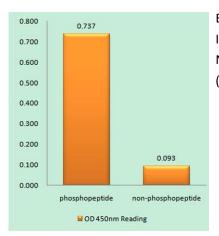
23-2, No.388 Gaoxin 2nd Road, Wuhan East Lake Hi-tech Development Zone, Hubei , P.R.C



Background

decapentaplegic homolog 1; MAD homolog 1; Mothers against DPP homolog 1; JV4-1; Mad-related protein 1; SMAD family member 1; SMAD 1; Smad1; hSMAD1; Transforming growth factor-beta-signaling protein

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signals of the bone morphogenetic proteins (BMPs), which are involved in a range of biological activities including cell growth, apoptosis, morphogenesis, development and immune responses. In response to BMP ligands, this protein can be phosphorylated and activated by the BMP receptor kinase. The phosphorylated form of this protein forms a complex with SMAD4, which is important for its function in the transcription regulation. This protein is a target for SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin ligases, such as SMURF1 and SMURF2, and undergoes ubiquitination and proteasome-med



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody



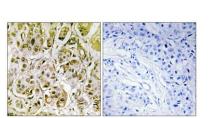
+86-27-59760950

ELKbio@ELKbiotech.com

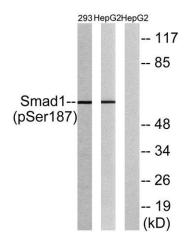
www.elkbiotech.com

23-2, No.388 Gaoxin 2nd Road, Wuhan East Lake Hi-tech Development Zone, Hubei , P.R.C





Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells and HepG2 cells, using Smad1 (Phospho-Ser187) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



+86-27-59760950

ELKbio@ELKbiotech.com

www.elkbiotech.com

23-2, No.388 Gaoxin 2nd Road, Wuhan East Lake Hi-tech Development Zone, Hubei , P.R.C