

ROM-K (phospho Ser44) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES6002

For research use only

Overview

Product Name ROM-K (phospho Ser44) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human ROMK/Kir1.1 around

the phosphorylation site of Ser44/25. AA

range:11-60

Specificity Phospho-ROM-K (S44) Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of ROM-K protein only when

phosphorylated at S44.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 1

Gene Name KCNJ1

Cellular localization Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Phosphorylation at Ser-44 by SGK1 is necessary for

its expression at the cell membrane. .

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band

Human Gene ID 3758 Human Swiss-Prot Number P48048

Alternative Names KCNJ1; ROMK1; ATP-sensitive inward rectifier

potassium channel 1; ATP-regulated potassium channel ROM-K; Inward rectifier K(+) channel Kir1.1;



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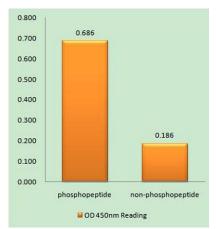
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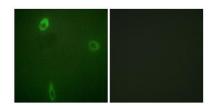
Background

Potassium channel; inwardly rectifying subfamily J member 1

Potassium channels are present in most mammalian cells, where they participate in a wide range of physiologic responses. The protein encoded by this gene is an integral membrane protein and inward-rectifier type potassium channel. It is activated by internal ATP and probably plays an important role in potassium homeostasis. The encoded protein has a greater tendency to allow potassium to flow into a cell rather than out of a cell. Mutations in this gene have been associated with antenatal Bartter syndrome, which is characterized by salt wasting, hypokalemic alkalosis, hypercalciuria, and low blood pressure. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



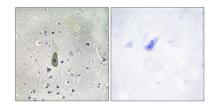
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using ROMK/Kir1.1 (Phospho-Ser44/25) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using ROMK/Kir1.1 (Phospho-Ser44/25) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.







Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using ROMK/Kir1.1 (Phospho-Ser44/25) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



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