



ACC α rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES5739

For research use only

Overview

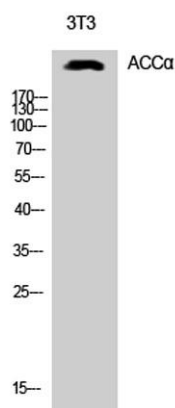
Product Name	ACC α rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat;Bovine;Canine
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase. AA range:46-95
Specificity	ACC α Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ACC α protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Acetyl-CoA carboxylase 1
Gene Name	ACACA
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm, cytosol .
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	265kD
Human Gene ID	31
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q13085
Alternative Names	ACACA; ACAC; ACC1; ACCA; Acetyl-CoA carboxylase 1; ACC1; ACC-alpha
Background	Acetyl-CoA carboxylase (ACC) is a complex multifunctional enzyme system. ACC is a biotin-containing enzyme which catalyzes the carboxylation of acetyl-CoA to malonyl-CoA, the rate-limiting step in fatty acid synthesis. There are



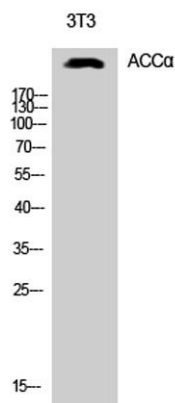


two ACC forms, alpha and beta, encoded by two different genes. ACC-alpha is highly enriched in lipogenic tissues. The enzyme is under long term control at the transcriptional and translational levels and under short term regulation by the phosphorylation/dephosphorylation of targeted serine residues and by allosteric transformation by citrate or palmitoyl-CoA. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants divergent in the 5' sequence and encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using ACC α Polyclonal Antibody

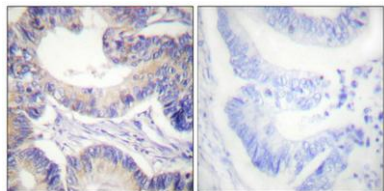


Western Blot analysis of NIH-3T3 cells using ACC α Polyclonal Antibody





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative contrl (right) obtained from antibody was pre-absorb



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using Acetyl-CoA Carboxylase Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

