

## CD33 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES4314

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name CD33 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human;Rat;Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from the Internal region of human

CD33. AA range:71-120

**Specificity** CD33 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of CD33 protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Myeloid cell surface antigen CD33

Gene Name CD33

**Cellular localization** [Isoform CD33M]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type

I membrane protein.; [Isoform CD33m]:

Peroxisome . CD33m isoform does not localize to

cell surfaces but instead accumulates in

peroxisomes...

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 40kD
Human Gene ID 945
Human Swiss-Prot Number P20138

+86-27-59760950

Alternative Names CD33; SIGLEC3; Myeloid cell surface antigen CD33;

Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 3; Siglec-3; gp67;

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CD33

**Background** domain: Contains 2 copies of a cytoplasmic motif

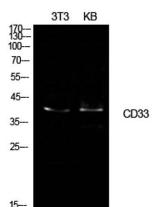
ELKbio@ELKbiotech.com





that is referred to as the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM). This motif is involved in modulation of cellular responses. The phosphorylated ITIM motif can bind the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases., function: Putative adhesion molecule of myelomonocytic-derived cells that mediates sialic-acid dependent binding to cells. Preferentially binds to alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition site may be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. In the immune response, may act as an inhibitory receptor upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatase(s) via their SH2 domain(s) that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules. Induces apoptosis in acute myeloid leukemia (in vitro).,online information:Siglec-3,PTM:Phosphorylation of Tyr-340 is involved in binding to PTPN6 and PTPN11. Phosphorylation of Tyr-358 is involved in binding to

information:Siglec-3,PTM:Phosphorylation of Tyr-340 is involved in binding to PTPN6 and PTPN11. Phosphorylation of Tyr-358 is involved in binding to PTPN6.,similarity:Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. SIGLEC (sialic acid binding Ig-like lectin) family.,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.,similarity:Contains 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.,subunit:Interacts with PTPN6/SHP-1 and PTPN11/SHP-2 upon phosphorylation.,tissue specificity:Monocytic/myeloid lineage cells.,



Western Blot analysis of NIH-3T3, KB cells using CD33 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000

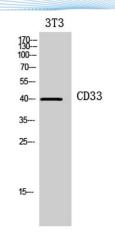


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Western Blot analysis of 3T3 cells using CD33 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



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