



EGFR rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES2236

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	EGFR rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human EGFR. AA range:836-885
Specificity	EGFR Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of EGFR protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Epidermal growth factor receptor
Gene Name	EGFR
Cellular localization	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome . Endosome membrane. Nucleus . In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:20674546, PubMed:17909029). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:2790960, PubMed:17182860, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:17909029). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055). . ; [Isoform 2]: Secreted.





Purification

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality

Polyclonal

Concentration

1 mg/ml

Observed band

175kD

Human Gene ID

1956

Human Swiss-Prot Number

P00533

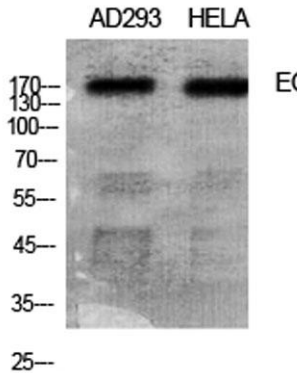
Alternative Names

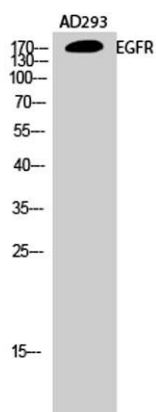
EGFR; ERBB; ERBB1; HER1; Epidermal growth factor receptor; Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1; Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a transmembrane glycoprotein that is a member of the protein kinase superfamily. This protein is a receptor for members of the epidermal growth factor family. EGFR is a cell surface protein that binds to epidermal growth factor. Binding of the protein to a ligand induces receptor dimerization and tyrosine autophosphorylation and leads to cell proliferation. Mutations in this gene are associated with lung cancer. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2016],

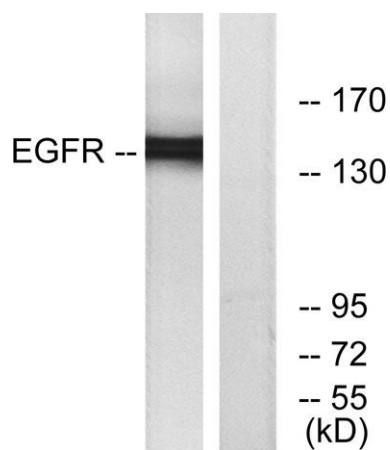
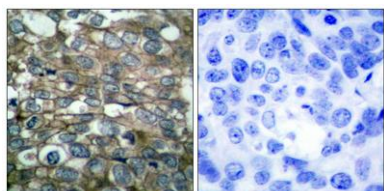
Western Blot analysis of various cells using EGFR Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000





Western Blot analysis of AD293 cells using EGFR Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000

Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using EGFR Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from A431 cells, treated with EGF 40 μ M 10', using EGFR Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

