

## **CFTR** rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES1965

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name CFTR rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Mouse;Rat

**Recommended dilutions** Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human CFTR. AA

range:711-760

**Specificity** CFTR Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels

of CFTR protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Store at -20°C.** Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Protein Name** Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance

regulator

Gene Name CFTR

**Cellular localization** Apical cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane

protein . Early endosome membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell membrane ; Multi-pass

membrane protein . Recycling endosome membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Nucleus . The channel is

internalized from the cell surface into an endosomal recycling compartment, from where it is recycled to

the cell membrane (PubMed:17462998,

PubMed:19398555, PubMed:20008117). In the oviduct and bronchus, detected on the apical side of

epithelial cells, but not associated with cilia (PubMed:22207244). In Sertoli cells, a processed product is detected in the nucleus (By similarity). ER



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stress induces GORASP2-mediated unconventional

(ER/Golgi-independent) trafficking of

core-glycosylated CFTR t

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 168kD
Human Gene ID 1080
Human Swiss-Prot Number P13569

**Alternative Names** CFTR; ABCC7; Cystic fibrosis transmembrane

conductance regulator; CFTR; ATP-binding cassette

sub-family C member 7; Channel

conductance-controlling ATPase; cAMP-dependent

chloride channel

**Background** This gene encodes a member of the ATP-binding

cassette (ABC) transporter superfamily. ABC proteins

transport various molecules across extra- and intra-cellular membranes. ABC genes are divided into seven distinct subfamilies (ABC1, MDR/TAP, MRP, ALD, OABP, GCN20, White). This protein is a member of the MRP subfamily that is involved in multi-drug resistance. The encoded protein functions as a chloride channel and controls the regulation of other transport pathways. Mutations in this gene are associated with the autosomal recessive disorders cystic fibrosis and congenital bilateral aplasia of the vas deferens. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described,

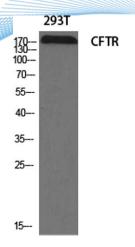
many of which result from mutations in this gene.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

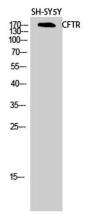


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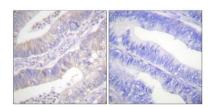




Western Blot analysis of various cells using CFTR Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Western Blot analysis of SH-SY5Y cells using CFTR Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000

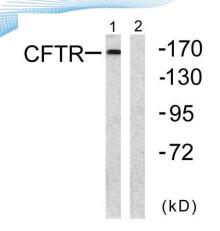


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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue, using CFTR Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.







Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells, using CFTR Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

