

Arrestin-β-1 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES1710

For research use only

Overview

Immunogen

Product Name Arrestin-β-1 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA **Species Cross-Reactivity** Human;Monkey

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human Arrestin 1. AA

range:369-418

Specificity Arrestin-β-1 Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of Arrestin-β-1 protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Beta-arrestin-1

Gene Name ARRB1

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell membrane. Membrane,

clathrin-coated pit . Cell projection, pseudopodium . Cytoplasmic vesicle. Translocates to the plasma

membrane and colocalizes with

antagonist-stimulated GPCRs. The monomeric form

is predominantly located in the nucleus. The oligomeric form is located in the cytoplasm. Translocates to the nucleus upon stimulation of

OPRD1 (By similarity). .

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

ClonalityPolyclonalConcentration1 mg/mlObserved band47kD





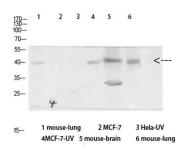
Human Gene ID
Human Swiss-Prot Number
Alternative Names
Background

408 P49407

ARRB1; ARR1; Beta-arrestin-1; Arrestin beta-1 Members of arrestin/beta-arrestin protein family are thought to participate in agonist-mediated desensitization of G-protein-coupled receptors and cause specific dampening of cellular responses to stimuli such as hormones, neurotransmitters, or sensory signals. Arrestin beta 1 is a cytosolic protein and acts as a cofactor in the beta-adrenergic receptor kinase (BARK) mediated desensitization of beta-adrenergic receptors. Besides the central nervous system, it is expressed at high levels in peripheral blood leukocytes, and thus the BARK/beta-arrestin system is believed to play a major role in regulating receptor-mediated immune functions. Alternatively spliced transcripts encoding different isoforms of arrestin beta 1 have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2011],

A549
(kD)
1178548342619-

Western Blot analysis of various cells using Arrestin- β -1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



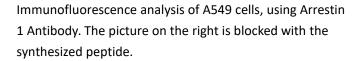
Western Blot analysis of various cells using Antibody diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000

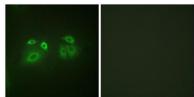


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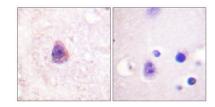
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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using Arrestin 1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



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