

## O10H5 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES11511

For research use only

## Overview

**Product Name** O10H5 rabbit pAb

**Host species** Rabbit WB;ELISA **Applications** 

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human; Rat; Mouse;

**Recommended dilutions** WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from part region of

human protein

O10H5 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous Specificity

levels of protein.

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage** 

Olfactory receptor 10H5 (Olfactory receptor **Protein Name** 

OR19-25) (Olfactory receptor OR19-26)

**Gene Name** OR10H5

**Cellular localization** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal Concentration 1 mg/ml Observed band 34kD **Human Gene ID** 284433 **Human Swiss-Prot Number** Q8NGA6

**Alternative Names** 

**Background** Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules

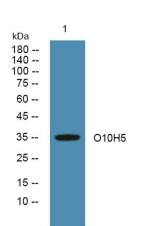
in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are



+86-27-59760950 ELKbio@ELKbiotech.com

www.elkbiotech.com





responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Western blot analysis of lysates from HCT116 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night



+86-27-59760950